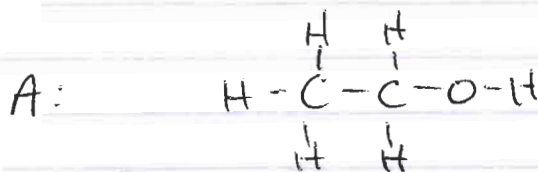


Chem Catalyst:

Q: Examine the structural formula for ethanol. which is the correct ball & stick model?

Notes:

• what types of e⁻ pairs are in a molecule?

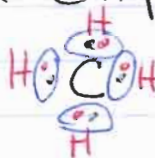
* In table teams have students build model for CH₄, NH₃ & H₂O
• atoms in a molecule can have 2 types of e⁻ pairs:

① Bonded pair = e⁻ pair involved in the bond btwn 2 atoms

② Lone pair = e⁻ pair NOT involved in bonding

* both types of e⁻ pairs (Bonded & Lone) want to be as far apart from each other as possible ⇒ VSEPR (Valence Shell Electron Pair Repulsion)

• ex: CH₄



ALL pairs are Bonded pairs

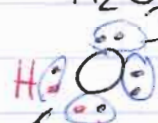
NH₃



lone pair

3 bonded pairs

H₂O



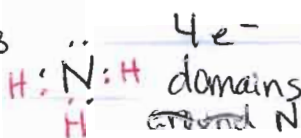
2 lone pairs

2 bonded pairs

• what are e⁻ domains?

• the area around the atom that is occupied by a pair of e⁻ (either bonded or lone)
• how many sides of an atom have e⁻ on it

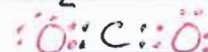
• ex: NH₃



4 e⁻

domains around N

CO₂



C has 2 e⁻ domains
O has 3

Let's Build It Activity

<u>Molecular Formula</u>	<u>Lewis Dot Structure</u>	<u># of e- Domains</u> around the <i>central</i> atom(s)	<u># of Bonded Pairs</u>	<u># of Lone Pairs</u>	<u>Ball & Stick Model</u> <i>Only for the molecules you are given</i>
Methane: CH ₄					
Water: H ₂ O					
Ethane: C ₂ H ₆					
Chloromethane: CH ₃ Cl					
Dichloromethane: CH ₂ Cl ₂					
Methanol: CH ₃ OH					
Methyl amine: CH ₃ NH ₂					
Formaldehyde: CH ₂ O					
Ethene: C ₂ H ₄					
Hydrogen cyanide: HCN					
Ethyne: C ₂ H ₂					

Making Sense Notes:

• How does VSEPR contribute to the shape of a molecule?

* all e^- pairs (bonded & lone) take up space around the atom & affect the shape of the molecule
 - lone pairs take up a bit more space than bonded pairs

Molecule	Structure	# e^- domains	# Bonded pairs	# Lone Pairs	Shape	Bond Angl
CH_4		4	4	0	tetrahedral	109.5°
NH_3		4	3	1	pyramidal	107.3°
H_2O		4	2	2	bent	104.5°
CO_2		2	4	0	linear	180°
CH_2O		3	4	0	triangular planar	120°
CH_3OH		4	4 for C 2 for O	0 for C 2 for O	tetrahedral around C bent around O	109.5° around C 104.5° around O

* if there is more than one central atom, you must determine the shape around each one

Check-In:

Q: What is the shape of H_2S

A: $H:\ddot{S}:\ddot{H}$ Bent!